

# 28. Serbia 72.50

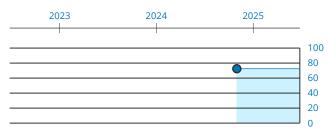
Population	6.6 million
Area (km²)	<b>85.0</b> thousand
GDP per capita (\$)	<b>28.7</b> thousand

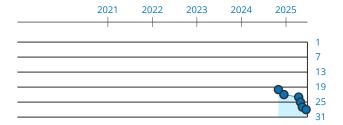
<b>28</b> <sup>th</sup>	National Cyber Security Index	
N/A	Global Cybersecurity Index	

- 47<sup>th</sup> Network Readiness Index IIIIIIIIIIIIIII 54 %

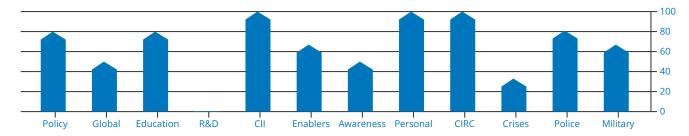
**RANKING TIMELINE** 

#### NCSI DEVELOPMENT TIMELINE





#### NCSI FULFILMENT PERCENTAGE



### STRATEGIC CYBERSECURITY INDICATORS

1. CYBERSECURITY POLICY	•		12-(15)	(80%)
1.1. High-level cybersecurity leadership	•	3		
1.2. Cybersecurity policy development	•	3		
1.3. Cybersecurity policy coordination	•	3		
1.4. National cybersecurity strategy	•	3		
1.5. National cybersecurity strategy action plan	0	3		
2. GLOBAL CYBERSECURITY CONTRIBUTION	•	3	6	(50%)
2.1. Cyber diplomacy engagements	•	3	_	
2.2. Commitment to international law in cyberspace	0	1		
2.3. Contribution to international capacity building in cybersecurity	0	2		
3. EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT	•		8-10	(80%)
3.1. Cyber safety competencies in primary education	•	2	•	
3.2. Cyber safety competencies in secondary education	•	2		
3.3. Undergraduate cybersecurity education	0	2		
3.4. Graduate cybersecurity education	•	3		
3.5. Association of cybersecurity professionals	•	1		
4. CYBERSECURITY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT	0			(0%)
4.1. Cybersecurity research and development programmes	0	2	-	
4.2. Cybersecurity doctoral studies	0	2		

## PREVENTIVE CYBERSECURITY INDICATORS

5. CYBERSECURITY OF CRITICAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE	•		(100%)
5.1. Identification of critical information infrastructure	•	3	
5.2. Cybersecurity requirements for operators of critical information	•	3	
nfrastructure			
5.3. Cybersecurity requirements for public sector organisations	•	3	
5.4. Competent supervisory authority	•	3	
5. CYBERSECURITY OF DIGITAL ENABLERS	•	8_	(12) (67%)
5.1. Secure electronic identification	•	2	
5.2. Electronic signature	•	2	
5.3. Trust services	•	2	
5.4. Supervisory authority for trust services	•	2	
5.5. Cybersecurity requirements for cloud services	0	2	
5.6. Supply chain cybersecurity	0	2	
7. CYBER THREAT ANALYSIS AND AWARENESS RAISING	•	6	(12) (50%)
7.1. Cyber threat analysis	0	3	<u> </u>
7.2. Public cyber threat reports	•	3	
7.3. Public cybersecurity awareness resources	•	3	
7.4. Cybersecurity awareness raising coordination	0	3	
3. PROTECTION OF PERSONAL DATA	•		(100%)
3.1. Personal data protection legislation	•	2	
8.2. Personal data protection authority	•	2	
RESPONSIVE CYBERSECURITY INDICATORS			
9. CYBER INCIDENT RESPONSE	•		14 (100%)
0.1. National incident response capacity	•	3	-
0.2. Incident reporting obligations	•	3	
0.3. Cyber incident reporting tool	•	2	
0.4. Single point of contact for international cooperation	•	3	
0.5. Participation in international incident response cooperation	•	3	
0. CYBER CRISIS MANAGEMENT	•	3	(9) ( <b>33%</b> )
0.1. Cyber crisis management plan	0	2	_
0.2. National cyber crisis management exercises	•	3	
0.3. Participation in international cyber crisis exercises	0	2	
0.4. Operational crisis reserve	0	2	
1. FIGHT AGAINST CYBERCRIME	•		13-16 (81%)
1.1. Cybercrime offences in national law	•	3	
1.2. Procedural law provisions	0	3	
1.3. Ratification of or accession to the Convention on Cybercrime	•	2	
1.4. Cybercrime investigation capacity	•	3	
1.5. Digital forensics capacity	•	2	
1.6. 24/7 contact point for international cybercrime	•	3	
2. MILITARY CYBER DEFENCE	•	4	6 <b>(67%)</b>
2.1. Military cyber defence capacity	•	2	-
2.2. Military cyber doctrine	0	2	



NCSI is held and developed by e-Governance Academy Foundation Company code: 90007000

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